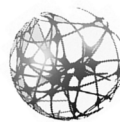
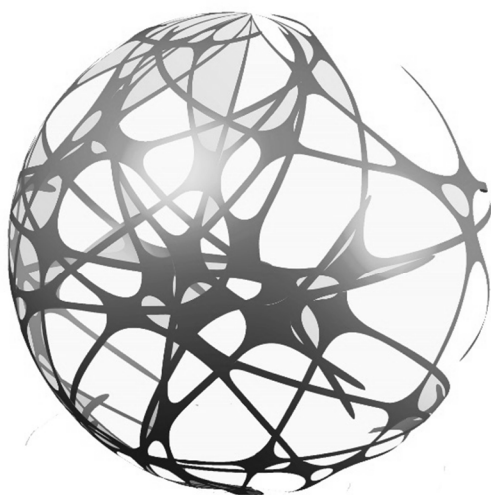

実戦演習

高3 英語 第1回



English 英語

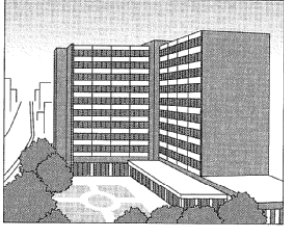
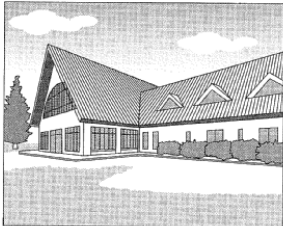
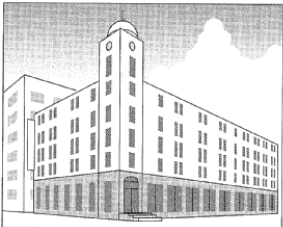
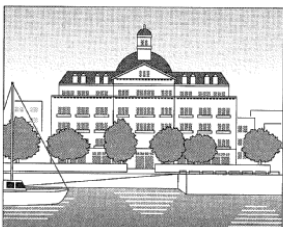


第 1 回 (100点/80分)

各大問の英文や図表を読み、解答番号 ～ にあてはまるものとして最も適当な選択肢を選びなさい。

第 1 問 (配点 10)

A You are planning to spend your holiday in the Faroe Islands, an autonomous region of Denmark, and looking for a hotel to stay in on the Internet. You find four hotels that are available on the days you plan to visit.

Hotels available in Tórshavn	
 <p>Hotel Argir</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· Only a nine-minute walk from Tórshavn city centre· Free hot beverages in our lounge area· Staff can speak Danish, English, and Faroese.	 <p>Hotel Kirkjubøur</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· Standing on a hill overlooking the city centre· Wellness facilities: Fitness centre· Staff can speak Danish, English, and Faroese.
 <p>Hotel Stjarnor</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· In Tórshavn's Old Town, right on the main street, Áarvegur· Wellness facilities: Sauna· Staff can speak Danish, English, Norwegian, and Faroese.	 <p>Seaside Hotel</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· Located right on the harbour· Each room has premium movie channels on demand.· Staff can speak Danish, English, Norwegian, and Faroese.

問1 Both Hotel Stjárnor and Seaside Hotel .

- ① face the harbour
- ② offer premium movie channels
- ③ stand on a hill
- ④ support the Norwegian language

問2 If you want to do some exercise during your stay, the best hotel to stay in is .

- ① Hotel Argir
- ② Hotel Kirkjubøur
- ③ Hotel Stjárnor
- ④ Seaside Hotel

B You heard about an upcoming series of cultural events. You're reading a webpage with more information.

Our Planet, Our Lives

The City Art Museum will present a series of talks, film screenings, and more for our latest event.

***Our Planet* Art Exhibition, May 1 to August 31**

The exhibition features pieces about humans and nature by artists from around the world. There will be an opening reception on May 1.

Worlds of Air, May 8

Join us for a discussion with artist Joy Banks, climate activist Mari Nagawa, and atmospheric scientist Jeff Patel. The musical group Noise Quartet will play "Air Suite."

Our Forests, May 15

Join us for a discussion with filmmaker Ted Hutchins, musician Sara Ruiz, and forest scientist Haru Ishii. We will show Hutchins's new movie, *Tree World*.

Mountain Lives, May 22

Join us for a discussion with environmental scientist Pedro Boas, mountain climber Ai Nagano, and author May Sabatini. Sabatini will read from her new book of poetry, *Mountain Songs*.

Deep Blue, May 29

Join us for a discussion with climate activist Mari Nagawa, ocean scientist Jacques Bertrand, and filmmaker Pete Kim. We will show Kim's new movie, *Into the Blue*.

Events are free for museum members, \$10 for the public, and \$5 for students and seniors. All events start at 7 p.m. Food and drinks are sold in the museum café.

問1 The primary purpose of the events is to .

- ① discuss ideas related to the exhibition
- ② hear audience opinions on the exhibition
- ③ speak with artists from the exhibition
- ④ view artwork from the exhibition

問2 An activist will speak about ocean issues on .

- ① May 8
- ② May 15
- ③ May 22
- ④ May 29

問3 At the event with Haru Ishii, the audience can .

- ① hear from an artist who paints the world's forests
- ② learn about climate activism related to forests
- ③ listen to a musical performance about forests
- ④ talk to someone who made a movie about forests

第2問 (配点 20)

- A You are on a homestay in the UK and you want to visit an amusement park with your high school friends. You are reading a website about one amusement park.

WONDERLAND AMUSEMENT PARK

Open weekdays from 9.00 to 17.00 and weekends from 9.00 to 18.00

Rides and Attractions

We are one of the best amusement parks in the UK with over 30 exciting attractions. The park is separated into zones. The 'Green' zone has attractions for small children. The 'Blue' zone is our water attraction zone (only open in summer). The 'Red' zone has attractions for those who love speed (only for visitors aged 16 and over). Finally, the 'Yellow' zone has classic attractions like a merry-go-round and a gentle wooden roller coaster.

- If you buy a 'Super Pass', you can scan your ticket at the entrance to any attraction and get priority over anyone waiting in line.

Shopping and Eating

The park has various restaurants in the 'Red' zone that serve delicious meals. All 'Group Pass' and 'Family Pass' holders get free drinks at any restaurant. Alternatively, bring your own lunch and enjoy eating it with friends in our beautiful garden area across from the restaurants. There are three souvenir shops in the 'Green' zone which sell unique gifts and snacks to take home with you.

Tickets

Adults (16 and over): £30

Children (under 16): £10

Family Pass (2 adults and 1 child): £55 ← That's one adult for half price!

Group Pass (3 adults): £60 ← That's only £20 a ticket!

Super Pass (adults only): £50

Annual Pass (visit again and again): £100 (Use the park's VIP space)

Visitor Comments (by Aaron Macdonald)

I love it. It's lots of fun for people looking for excitement and also for families with small children. The park has added new attractions and updated some of the old ones recently. I live nearby and have a yearly pass, but I avoid weekends because of long lines at the best attractions. I highly recommend the park.

問 1 are two things you can do at the amusement park.

- A : enter the park on weekends after 6 pm
- B : get priority for attractions if you are a child
- C : take in your own lunch to eat in the garden
- D : use a special pass to reduce waiting time
- E : use the water ride attractions in any season

- ① A and B
- ② A and C
- ③ B and E
- ④ C and D
- ⑤ D and E

問 2 You want to ride the fastest attractions in the amusement park.

You need to go to the zone.

- ① Blue
- ② Green
- ③ Red
- ④ Yellow

問 3 are in the same zone as the children's attractions.

- ① Gardens
- ② Restaurants
- ③ Souvenir shops
- ④ Ticket booths

問 4 If you buy three tickets for high school students aged 16 in the cheapest way, you will .

- ① be able to have free drinks in the restaurants
- ② be allowed to use the VIP space freely
- ③ get a discount on your next visit to the park
- ④ receive one of the tickets for half price

問 5 One **opinion** stated by the previous visitor to the amusement park is that .

- ① the amusement park was updated recently
- ② the weekend is the best time to visit
- ③ the park is enjoyable for families
- ④ the rides are the best in the country

B You are the editor of a school English paper. Darsha, an exchange student from India, has written an article for the paper.

Do you like watching films? My country is famous for producing the most films per year in the world. But which country goes to the cinema most often? According to 2017 data, we average 1.8 cinema visits per capita a year, while South Korea has almost three times as many, followed by the U.S. and Ireland, with the latter having slightly fewer visits.

Where do you usually watch films? Do you go to the cinema? If so, why? A survey conducted in Japan gives us some reasons:

- ▶ You can enjoy high quality images on a big screen.
- ▶ The sound is loud and powerful, so you can concentrate on watching the film.
- ▶ You can feel a sense of relaxation, which is a refreshing break from your daily life.

On the other hand, there are many people who prefer to watch films on Blu-ray or DVD at home or stream their films instead. Some say they avoid cinemas because:

- ▶ Ticket prices are high.
- ▶ Sitting for a long time is tiring.
- ▶ Manners of other patrons are a concern.

In addition, more people than ever before are watching films at home due to both the availability of video streaming sites and the coronavirus pandemic. You can watch films on your phone or tablet, but I think the best way to enjoy films is on the big screen with loud and powerful sound.

Most of the films in my country are musicals, and the cast almost always dance together. Audiences sometimes stand up and dance during the dance scenes. Indian films are not often shown in Japan, but if you find one near you, please go and see it.

問 1 In terms of the number of cinema visits per capita, which shows the countries' ranking from **highest to lowest**? 11

- ① Ireland — South Korea — the U.S.
- ② Ireland — the U.S. — South Korea
- ③ South Korea — Ireland — the U.S.
- ④ South Korea — the U.S. — Ireland
- ⑤ the U.S. — Ireland — South Korea
- ⑥ the U.S. — South Korea — Ireland

問 2 According to Darsha's report, one advantage of going to the cinema is that 12.

- ① you can feel refreshed
- ② you can save money
- ③ you don't have to buy Blu-ray discs
- ④ you will sit for a long time

問 3 The statement that best reflects one finding from the survey is 13

- ① 'I feel uncomfortable when I watch films at home.'
- ② 'I wish other people at the cinema had better etiquette.'
- ③ 'I'd rather watch films on a small screen.'
- ④ 'In the cinema, the sound is too loud for me.'

問 4 Which best summarises Darsha's opinions about watching films? 14

- ① People should stop watching films at home altogether.
- ② Prices for cinema tickets should be lowered.
- ③ Some people are content seeing films on their smartphones.
- ④ You should go to the cinema to enjoy films the most.

問 5 Which is the most suitable title for the article? 15

- ① Are Indian Films Really Exciting?
- ② How Can We Create Powerful Films?
- ③ Where Do People Watch Films and Why?
- ④ Why Do Many People Enjoy Watching Films?

第3問 (配点 15)

A You found the following story in a blog written by a classmate.

A Musical Surprise

Monday, May 11

Since my grandfather moved in last month, I see him every day instead of a few times a year. Now I'm getting to know him as a person. There've been lots of nice surprises.

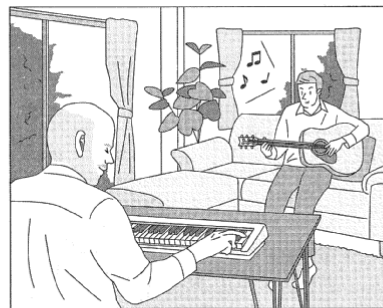
One day, I was in my room practicing with the guitar my parents bought me for my birthday. When my grandfather looked in, I worried about the noise I was making.

"I'm sorry, Grandpa. I didn't mean to disturb you."

"Don't worry, Oliver," he said. "Keep playing."

I was nervous, since I was just learning to play. But every time I looked up, I saw my grandfather's smiling face. After I finished one song, I started playing a popular song from the 1960s in one of my guitar books. I was surprised when my grandfather clapped along just like in the real song. It sounded pretty good. Then he started to sing, and it sounded even better!

It turned out my grandfather started a band with his friends when he was my age, so he knew the songs from my book. He unpacked the instrument he used to play. Now we do this a few days a week. Yesterday he showed me an old picture of his band.



問 1 The writer learned that his grandfather

16

 .

- ① did not learn to play the guitar until recently
- ② did not mind hearing him play the guitar
- ③ owned the same book of popular guitar songs
- ④ still played in a band with his childhood friends

問 2 You learn that the writer of this blog

17

 .

- ① often joins his grandfather in playing their guitars and singing together
- ② often spends time playing music with his grandfather
- ③ sometimes lets his grandfather borrow his guitar to play songs for the family
- ④ sometimes plays the keyboard with his grandfather

B You found the following story on an international website about dentistry.

Kids' Tooth-Loss Traditions Around the World

Linda Mason (Blogger)

When my friends and I talked about what we did when we lost teeth as children, we realized that there were different traditions about tooth-loss in the world. I am a student in dentistry, so this motivated me to do a bit of research and take a closer look at these traditions.

The most common tradition in English-speaking countries is the tooth fairy. When a tooth falls out, you put it under your pillow when you go to bed. Then while you're asleep, the tooth fairy replaces it with a small amount of pocket money. This tradition is to comfort the child who may be in shock from losing the tooth. Reading about this tradition brings a smile to my face as I think back to my own childhood.

Next, I found that most Asian countries share a different tooth-loss tradition. I think this one is a bit more curious. It doesn't involve handing out pocket money. If you lose a tooth from the lower jaw, you throw it upwards. If it's from the upper jaw, you throw it downwards, and sometimes even bury it in the ground. This is to pray that the new teeth come in straight.

In Hispanic countries such as Spain and Mexico, the tooth-loss tradition revolves around Perez Mouse. Similar to the tooth fairy tradition, you place the tooth under a pillow. Then Perez Mouse will replace it with a gift. It seems strange to me that English-speaking countries and Hispanic countries have similar tooth-loss traditions though they have different cultures.

I am amazed to find out that while each culture has its own tooth-loss tradition, the idea of doing something with our lost teeth seems universal around the world.

問 1 According to the story, the writer's feelings changed in the following order: motivated → → → → .

- ① amused
- ② confused
- ③ interested
- ④ surprised

問 2 The American tooth-loss tradition is designed to help .

- ① cheer kids up
- ② kids be healthy
- ③ kids make money
- ④ shock kids

問 3 From this story, you learned that the writer .

- ① had a strong interest in the tooth fairy and how teeth are replaced with money while children are asleep
- ② researched different tooth-loss traditions around the world and found them all to be exactly the same
- ③ was studying about teeth in school and learned that the Mexican tooth-loss tradition is similar to that of the US
- ④ wasn't convinced of the fairy tales and found the tooth-loss tradition uninteresting to write about

第4問 (配点 16)

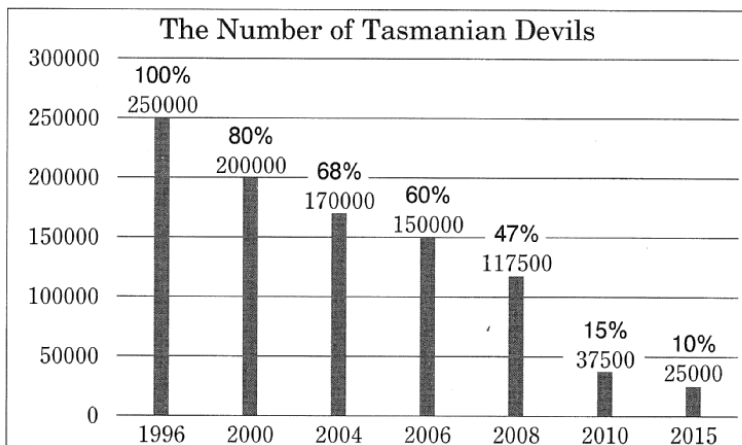
You are doing research on Tasmanian devils. You found two articles.

Tasmanian Devils

by Matthew Jones, January 2017

The Tasmanian devil is a wild meat-eating marsupial found only on the island of Tasmania, Australia. A marsupial is a type of mammal. Their babies start to grow in a pouch on the mother's stomach, like kangaroos. Tasmanian devils are night hunters. They have dark fur, a good sense of smell, and a strong bite. They're also the biggest meat-eating marsupial in the world. Today these animals are Tasmania's icon, but this wasn't always the case. In the early 1800s, they were thought of as pests by the early European settlers, so they hunted the Tasmanian devils. This led to a decline in their population. Currently, Tasmanian devils are on the endangered species list. To prevent their extinction, the Australian government started the "Save the Tasmanian Devil Program" in 2003 to monitor and assist Tasmanian devils in the wild.

There are numerous reasons for the decline of the Tasmanian devils, but the population started declining rapidly after the arrival of a virus known as devil facial tumour disease in the mid-90s.



Another key issue is that Tasmanian devils love to eat dead animals on the road. Unfortunately, they themselves get hit by vehicles while eating. Research has found that predators, such as dogs, cats, foxes, and dingoes, are also responsible for the decline. Then there's the loss of food and habitat from natural causes as well. As the graph indicates, over almost two decades, 90 percent of the Tasmanian devil population has been wiped out.

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In my opinion, if we pay more attention while driving at night and report sightings of injured Tasmanian devils, it could help in restoring their population. These animals are important to our ecosystem in Tasmania, and we need to do everything we can to protect them.

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Opinion on "Tasmanian Devils"

by E. B., November 2017

As a zookeeper, I have seen many Tasmanian devils. I had no idea the situation was this bad for these adorable animals. According to Matthew Jones's article, when I started as a zookeeper, the Tasmanian devil population had already been reduced to a little less than 50%. This is very sad news.

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We need to do more to preserve the Tasmanian devils because once they're extinct, we can't bring them back. As Matthew Jones mentioned, these animals are critical to our environment. They clean up the sick and dead animals from the landscape, and they play an important role in the line of defense against dangerous predators like ferrets, which are harmful to the native wildlife.

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In addition to the suggestions Matthew Jones mentioned, we need to educate the public about the Tasmanian devil. The more we know about it, the more we'll be able to do to protect them, such as driving more cautiously at night or bringing in our dogs at night. Remember — having knowledge is important for the conservation of the Tasmanian devil.

45

問 1 Both Matthew Jones and the zookeeper mention 24 .

- ① a government program to help the Tasmanian devil
- ② how to keep Tasmanian devils in zoos
- ③ the impact the Tasmanian devil has on our environment
- ④ the need to defend against predators

問 2 The zookeeper started his job around 25 .

- ① 1996
- ② 2004
- ③ 2008
- ④ 2015

問 3 Tasmanian devils 26 .

- ① have always been a symbol of Tasmania
- ② remove dead animals from our daily life
- ③ were in healthy numbers in 2010
- ④ were protected by European settlers

問 4 Matthew Jones states that we should , and the zookeeper states that we should . (Choose a different option for each box.)

- ① bring our pets inside after dark
- ② get along well with cats and ferrets
- ③ protect Tasmanian devils in zoos
- ④ report any hurt Tasmanian devils we see
- ⑤ wipe out other predators

問 5 Based on the information from both articles, you are going to write a report for homework. The best title for your report would be “ .”

- ① Environmental Problems Caused by Tasmanian Devils
- ② How to Save the Tasmanian Devil
- ③ Marsupials Around the World
- ④ The Relationship Between Tasmanian Devils and Dead Animals

第5問 (配点 15)

Your study group is preparing a presentation entitled “Our Thoughts on ‘Welcome to the Neighborhood’” using information from the fictional story below.

The house next door sat empty for almost a year after our neighbors moved away in the summer of 2017. Soon my family grew used to it, and no one was interested in the “For Sale” sign in the front yard.

One day, the sign was gone. I grew very curious about our new neighbors. I hoped they’d have children my own age. But my parents shrugged. “We’ll find out soon,” said my dad while looking at his phone.

The next weekend, a moving truck pulled up. “Let’s meet the neighbors!” I said.

“They’re busy moving in,” said my mom. “We’ll meet them later.”

But later never came. From my window, I sometimes saw the neighbors outside. They were a fun, happy couple in their 30s. One weekend, they invited friends over. We saw several new cars on the street and heard laughter next door.

Whenever I asked about meeting the neighbors, my parents were too busy. My mom took a new job at her company and she often worked late. My dad started on a new project designing a large building for a university.

One Sunday, I pushed them a little. “Mom and Dad, you always say to be friendly to new kids at school, right?”

“Of course, Mary,” my mom answered.

“You’re ignoring your own advice! It’s been months, and we haven’t welcomed our new neighbors yet!”

“Now’s not a good time, Mary,” she said. “I have an important meeting tomorrow.”

“It’ll just take 10 minutes,” I said.

“Your mom’s busy, Mary,” said my dad. “And you have homework. But you’re right. I’ll go say hello now.”

I was disappointed not to go but glad we'd finally learn more about our neighbors. Soon, 10 minutes went by, and my dad hadn't returned. Then 20, 30, and 40 minutes went by before he finally returned.

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"They're friends with Jeremy!" he said to my mom.

"Oh, really? What a small world!" said my mom.

"Brian's an architect," said my dad. "And Kris works for a museum."

"Interesting," said my mom.

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"I hope you don't mind," said my dad. "But I invited them over."

That Friday, my parents ordered Thai food to share with our neighbors. Brian and Kris were really funny and interesting. After I went to bed, my parents and our neighbors stayed up late talking. I was happy to see my parents being social for a change.

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By the end of the year, my parents were spending lots of time with our neighbors. They had similar tastes, so they saw concerts and movies together. They tried new restaurants, and my parents saw an art exhibition at Kris's museum.

The following spring, my dad made an announcement. "I've always wanted to start my own firm," he said. "Brian has the same dream. We both know a lot of clients, so we'll have plenty of building projects to start."

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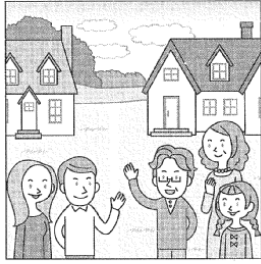
It was a surprise, but my mom and I saw my dad was glowing. He'd really wanted to branch out and take on a new challenge.

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"Mary, I owe it to you," he said. "We'd have never met the neighbors without your urging. It's so easy to stay locked up in your own little world."

Your Presentation Slides

Welcome to the Neighborhood



North High School
English Presentation Contest

Important Developments

Year	Events
2017	Neighbors move away
2018	<div style="text-align: center;">30 ↓ 31 ↓ 32 ↓ 33</div>
2019	<div style="text-align: center;">34</div>

Mary's Family

● Mary is a child. The story is told from her point of view.

● We learn the following about Mary's parents:

· 35

Brian and Kris

● They move into the house next to Mary's parents.

● We learn the following about Brian and Kris:

· 36

· 37

Conclusion

● The story's message is best summarized as 38 .

問1 Choose the five events in the order they happened to complete the **Important Developments** slide. ~

- ① Changes in Mary's parents' social lives
- ② Confrontation between Mary and her parents
- ③ First meeting with the new neighbors
- ④ Mary's father starts a new business with his neighbor
- ⑤ New neighbors move in

問2 Choose the best item for the **Mary's Family** slide.

- ① One of them has a career as an architect.
- ② One of them was eager to meet their new neighbors.
- ③ They dreamed of starting a business together.
- ④ They had to convince Mary to meet the neighbors.

問3 Choose the two best items for the **Brian and Kris** slide. (The order does not matter.) ·

- ① Both have the same jobs as Mary's parents.
- ② Brian is working on the same building as Mary's dad.
- ③ Kris has a job related to the arts.
- ④ Mary's parents know one of their friends.
- ⑤ They have different interests from those of Mary's parents.

問 4 Complete the **Conclusion** slide with the most appropriate item.

38

- ① everyone needs help when they move to a new place
- ② first impressions do not tell the whole story
- ③ friends often know you better than you know yourself
- ④ other people can open new worlds

(下書き用紙)

英語(リーディング)の試験問題は次に続く。

第6問 (配点 24)



- A Your study group is learning about food traditions in various parts of the world. You have found an article you want to share. Complete the summary notes for your next meeting.

Cozy Fridays and Tacos in Sweden

When people think of Swedish food, they don't usually think of tacos. Tacos are originally from Mexico, but they have been very popular in both Sweden and its neighboring country of Norway since the 1990s. These two Northern European countries consume far more Mexican food than other European countries, and they both have special Friday food traditions that involve eating delicious tacos. In Norway, people celebrate "tacofredag," or "taco Friday." In Sweden, they celebrate "fredagsmys" or "cozy Friday."

In Sweden, the food tradition is focused on staying home with family. Along with cooking and eating tacos, people enjoy quiet activities like watching movies together at home. A recent survey showed that 98% of Swedish people enjoyed a cozy Friday at least once a month. The tradition is important, since many Swedish people have leisure activities on weeknights so families often eat at separate times. Cozy Fridays help them spend time together.

So why did tacos become such an important food on cozy Fridays? One reason is the Mexican dish is very simple to prepare for large groups of people. All that's needed are premade, U-shaped hard taco shells or soft tortillas and cooked fillings like meat, cheese, or vegetables that are stuffed inside of the shells or folded tortillas. People eat tacos with Mexican sauces called salsa or guacamole. To make cooking tacos even easier, Swedish grocery stores sell kits with taco shells, spices for cooking meats and vegetables, and sauces.

Another reason why tacos are popular on cozy Fridays is that they give people lots of choices. Family members can choose taco fillings they want and avoid foods they dislike. This is great for children who

dislike new foods, vegetarians, or people with food allergies. Swedish families cook various fillings like ground beef, chicken, seafood, and vegetables and place them in dishes near a plate with taco shells. Family members assemble their own tacos and eat them when they feel hungry throughout the night.

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Tacos are a tasty “finger food” that can be enjoyed while watching a movie, so they are perfect for cozy Fridays. They also fit very well with other Swedish food traditions. In particular, there is a tradition called the “smorgasbord,” which is a table full of different hot and cold dishes. Just as with taco dinners, people can choose the foods they like and avoid foods they dislike. Both of these food traditions are convenient for families where everyone has different tastes. Over time, Swedish people have adapted tacos to their own tastes. For example, Swedish families use fruits, nuts, yogurt, and lots of other fillings that are not usually found in Mexican food.

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There are other important differences between how tacos are enjoyed in Sweden and Mexico. In Mexico, family life is also very important. But family time is celebrated differently. People in Mexico often make their own tortillas and shells instead of using taco kits from grocery stores. They also use fresh ingredients and stronger spices. Family food celebrations are also usually louder and more active and less focused on quiet activities like watching movies. In Mexico, Friday is a popular night for parties, music, and dancing.

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Despite the differences between Swedish and Mexican culture, tacos became popular in Sweden in the 1990s. A financial crisis prompted the Swedish people to look outside their own country. Tacos were an interesting and unique foreign food that did not require a lot of work to prepare. Just as importantly, they fit perfectly with existing Swedish food culture and family life. The Swedish taco trend shows how unique food traditions from one country can spread and take root in new cultures. If there is a good cultural fit, as with tacos in Sweden, these food traditions spread far more easily. This helps to explain how some national dishes become staples of global food culture while others never leave their countries of origin.

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Your summary notes:

Cozy Fridays and Tacos in Sweden

What are "cozy Fridays?"

- The Swedish word is "fredagsmys."
- Norway also has Friday food traditions.
- In Sweden, people .

Cozy Fridays are particularly important in Sweden, because .

What are tacos?

- Tacos are a traditional food from Mexico.
- Tacos include a hard taco shell or folded tortilla with a spicy filling inside.
- Tacos are a "finger food" eaten with your hands.

Why did tacos become popular in Sweden?

- They are easy to prepare.
-
- They are convenient to eat.

How are tacos different in Sweden?

- Taco kits are sold in Swedish stores.
- Ingredients are less spicy.

Conclusion

A financial crisis in Sweden led to during the 1990s, which, combined with , encouraged the success of the taco trend.

問 1 Choose the best option for 39 .

- ① also call cozy Fridays “tacofredags”
- ② enjoy quiet time alone watching movies
- ③ go to loud family parties after a long week
- ④ prefer relaxing times with loved ones

問 2 Choose the best option for 40 .

- ① family members have different schedules on weekdays
- ② popular foods often require a lot of time to prepare
- ③ Swedish people work into the night at their jobs
- ④ traditional smorgasbord meals are usually served

問 3 Choose the best option for 41 .

- ① They are very different from smorgasbord dishes.
- ② They became popular with people in Norway first.
- ③ They give people lots of different food choices.
- ④ They include vegetables unfamiliar in Sweden.

問 4 Choose the best options for 42 and 43 .

- ① changes to Swedish laws
- ② differences between countries
- ③ emigration to Mexico
- ④ local food culture
- ⑤ Mexican family life
- ⑥ Swedish interest in foreign cultures



B You are studying trends in the global film industry for a group project with other students. You are reading the following article to learn more about recent superhero movies. Your group will create a poster for a class presentation.

The Rise of Superhero Movies

Recently, movie fans and critics have watched stories about superheroes which dominate the global entertainment industry. The movies feature characters who can fly, have incredible strength, control others with their minds, or use other superpowers. Sometimes heroes are born with these powers, and sometimes they gain them by accident. Superheroes have appeared in movies for a long time, but they only recently became dominant. 5

The recent trend may have started with a US movie featuring a dark superhero called Batman in 1995. In today's dollars, it earned \$390 million in Canada and the United States. This single movie accounted for 3.5% of all North American movie ticket sales that year. Other superhero movies soon followed. By the mid-2000s, they accounted for 5% of North American ticket sales. Another hit movie accelerated the trend in 2008. Along with seven other superhero movies, this genre earned \$1.7 billion and accounted for 13.7% of ticket sales in North America that year! Interestingly, the movie featured Batman just like the 1995 hit movie. The character has remained popular ever since. 10 15

Superhero movies had mixed results for a while, including two years when their share of ticket sales fell below 5%. They came roaring back in 2016, when nine movies had sales of \$2 billion and accounted for 17% of ticket sales in North America. Except for 2020, their share of ticket sales has remained above 2016 levels ever since. 2018 was a particularly strong year as superhero movies reached \$2.5 billion and accounted for 20.7% of all ticket sales in North America. 25

Why are superhero movies so popular? One reason is the global market for movies. In 2018, superhero movies had sales of \$7.5 billion in the global ticket market. North American superhero movie ticket sales were only a third of that. Overall, North American movie ticket sales have declined somewhat since their peak in 2002. Superhero movies' global success shows these stories translate well across cultures. The movies are fun for audiences of all ages and have exciting visual effects. Since these movies have a proven appeal for global audiences, the film industry views them as a safe investment.

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Another factor is the rapid growth of streaming TV services. These services feature hundreds of different TV shows that are produced and distributed quickly to global audiences who pay monthly subscription fees. TV shows about superheroes are perfect for streaming services since the same characters can appear in many different shows. For example, a popular character from one show can attract viewers to a new show about a different superhero by working with the other hero to battle a villain or solve a global problem.

40

Some movie critics worry superhero movies reflect larger cultural changes. The heroes usually solve problems alone instead of working with ordinary people or listening to them. Their superpowers also give them special influence over world affairs. For example, in some TV shows or movies, heroes make quick decisions for all of humanity. Some feel these movies encourage audiences to identify with powerful heroes who do whatever they want. Others also worry the success of superhero movies stops other kinds of movies from being made. Superhero stories are successful, but it is necessary to reflect on what impact they have upon our society and culture when they have become popular all over the world.

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Your presentation poster draft:

Why Are There So Many Superhero Movies?

In 2018, they accounted for 20% of North American movie ticket sales.

What are superheroes?

- Characters with special abilities who are different from normal humans.

Timeline of superhero movies in popular entertainment

1995	44
Mid-2000s	5% of North American movie ticket sales
2008	Very successful year with eight superhero movies
2009-2015	45
2016	Nine movies accounted for 17% of ticket sales
2018	Sales of \$7.5 billion in the global movie ticket market

Biggest reasons for superheroes' continued popularity

- 46
- 47

Issues raised by superhero movies and TV shows

- 48
- Some critics worry that they are too dominant in global film culture.

問1 You have been asked to write descriptions of important developments related to superhero movies between 1995 and 2018. Choose the best options for and .

1995

- ① First superhero appears in a US film
- ② Global audiences change US movie tastes
- ③ Only 3.5% of North American movies are about superheroes
- ④ Superhero movie wave begins in North America

2009-2015

- ① Another hit movie about Batman
- ② First superhero TV show for streaming services
- ③ Recovery after several uneven years
- ④ Successful and unsuccessful years

問2 You are making statements about key reasons for the growing dominance of superhero movies and TV shows. According to the article, which two of the following are appropriate? (The order does not matter.) ·

- ① Entertainment companies feel they shouldn't make other movies.
- ② Superhero characters and stories work well for streaming TV services.
- ③ Superhero movies encourage cross-cultural understanding.
- ④ Superhero movies require less time to produce than non-superhero movies.
- ⑤ Superheroes appeal to audiences from many different countries.
- ⑥ Ticket sales are growing for superhero movies in North America.

問3 Under the last poster heading, your group wants to describe two problems mentioned in the article. Which of the following is most appropriate?

48

- ① Audiences are slowly losing interest in stories about superheroes.
- ② Filmmakers must often use many of the same superhero characters.
- ③ Ordinary people cannot understand the problems faced by superheroes.
- ④ Superheroes do not always set positive examples for movie audiences.

<MEMO>

英語(リーディング) 解答・解説

■ 正解・配点一覧

○×を記入

問題番号 (配点)	解答 番号	正解	チェック欄	配点
第1問 (10点)	A	1	④	2
		2	②	2
	B	3	①	2
		4	④	2
		5	④	2
小計			点	
第2問 (20点)	A	6	④	2
		7	③	2
		8	③	2
		9	①	2
		10	③	2
	B	11	④	2
		12	①	2
		13	②	2
		14	④	2
		15	③	2
小計			点	
第3問 (15点)	A	16	②	3
		17	②	3
		18	①	3*
		19	③	
	B	20	②	
		21	④	
		22	①	3
		23	③	3
小計			点	

問題番号 (配点)	解答 番号	正解	チェック欄	配点	
第4問 (16点)	24	③		3	
	25	③		3	
	26	②		3	
	27	④		2	
	28	①		2	
	29	②		3	
	小計			点	
第5問 (15点)	30	⑤		4*	
	31	②			
	32	③			
	33	①			
	34	④			
	35	①		3	
	36 - 37	③ - ④		4*	
	38	④		4	
	小計			点	
第6問 (24点)	39	④		3	
	40	①		3	
	A	41	③		3
		42	⑥		3*
		43	④		
	B	44	④		3
		45	④		3
		46 - 47	② - ⑤		3*
		48	④		3
小計				点	

1 *は、全部正解の場合のみ点を与える。

2 - (ハイフン)でつながれた正解は、順序を問わない。

総得点

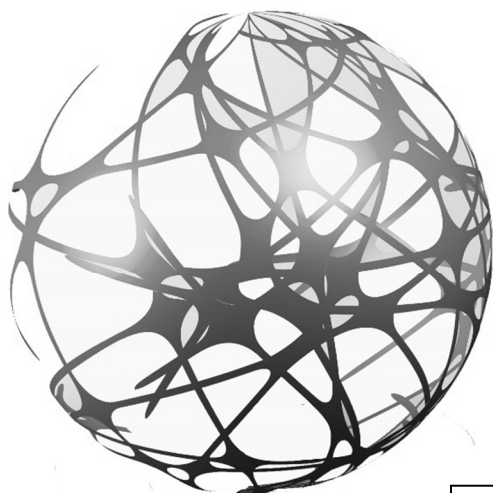
/100点

<MEMO>



English 英語

Forward 将来に
individual 個人
training 訓練



名 前